# Jersey Retail Sales Q3 2012



Statistics Unit: www.gov.je/statistics

### **Summary**

## On an annual basis:

- the seasonally adjusted total <u>volume</u> of retail sales in Jersey in Q3 2012 was 3% lower than in the corresponding quarter of 2011;
- this represents the fifth consecutive quarter in which the total volume of retail sales has declined on an annual basis;
- the predominantly food and non-food sectors have each recorded five consecutive quarters of declining volume on an annual basis;

### On a quarterly basis:

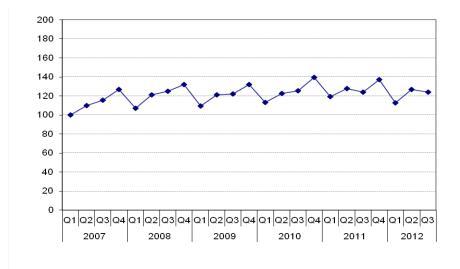
- the seasonally adjusted **total volume** of retail sales in Jersey in Q3 2012 was similar to that in the previous quarter (Q2 2012);
- the seasonally adjusted total volume of retail sales in the predominantly food and non-food sectors have been essentially flat for the last four quarters.

#### All retailers

## Value of retail sales, all retailers

Figure 1 shows the total value of retail sales for the period from 2007 to Q3 2012. The clear seasonality is apparent, with retail turnover tending to be largest in the fourth quarter of each calendar year.

Figure 1 – Total value (Q1 2007 = 100); non-seasonally adjusted



Comparing the same quarter in a given year with that of a year earlier (Figure 2) shows that each quarter from early 2010 to Q3 2011 had seen an increase in the total value of retail sales on an annual basis<sup>1</sup>.

In contrast, the latest four quarters (Q4 2011 to Q3 2012) have each recorded decreases in total value on an annual basis.

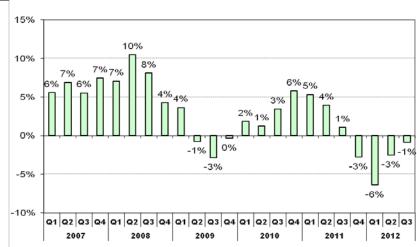


Figure 2 - Total Value: annual percentage change 2; seasonally adjusted

On a quarterly basis, the seasonal adjusted total value in Q3 2012 was similar to that in Q2 2012 (see Annex Table A1).

# Volume of retail sales, all retailers

The volume index series<sup>3</sup> is derived from the value series by use of deflators<sup>4</sup> which remove the effect of price changes. The seasonally adjusted total volume index, from which seasonal and calendar effects are also removed, is shown in Figure 3a.

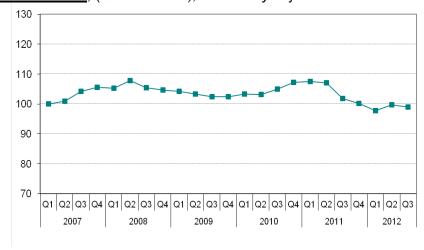


Figure 3a - Total Volume; (Q1 2007 = 100); seasonally adjusted

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The increase in the rate of the Good and Services Tax (GST) from 3% to 5% in June 2011 was a contributing factor to the annual changes in value recorded in each of the four quarters from Q3 2011 to Q2 2012.

Annual percentage changes shown as labels in figures are rounded to the nearest integer.
 A volume index is an average of the proportionate changes in the <u>quantities</u> of a specified set of goods between two periods of

time.

<sup>4</sup> The deflators used are a weighted combination of the relevant section level indices of the Retail Prices Index (RPI). Following the recent methodological changes incorporated in the Retail Sales publication produced by the UK Office for National Statistics, the price deflators applied are harmonic means of the corresponding RPI section indices.

After a notable decline recorded between Q2 and Q3 2011, the seasonally adjusted total volume of retail sales has remained substantially flat on a quarterly basis for the last four quarters (see Figure 3a). The total volume of retail sales in the latest quarter (Q3 2012) was essentially at the same level (down by less than 1%) compared with the previous quarter (Q2 2012).

On an annual basis, each of the latest five quarters have recorded falls in total volume compared with the corresponding quarters of the previous year (Figure 3b); the most recent quarter, Q3 2012, recorded a decline of 3% compared with Q3 2011.

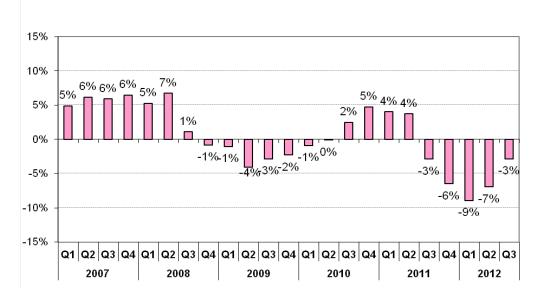


Figure 3b - Total Volume: annual percentage change; seasonally adjusted

# **Sector summaries**

The "Predominantly food" sector is comprised of supermarkets, convenience stores and other small food stores.

The "Predominantly non-food" sector is comprised of three sub-categories: Household goods; Textiles, clothing and footwear; and Non-food specialised stores.

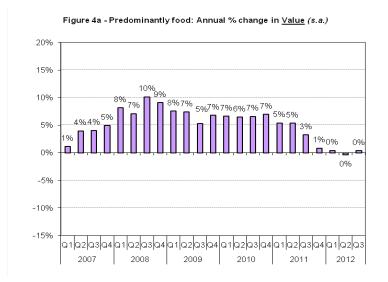
The survey returns within each sub-category are analysed separately and then aggregated to produce value and volume estimates for each sector.

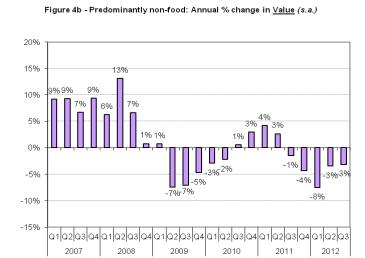
#### Value of retail sales (seasonally adjusted)

The total value of retail sales in predominantly **food** stores has remained essentially flat on an annual basis for each of the last four quarters (see Figure 4a).

After seeing some growth on an annual basis in late 2010 and early 2011, the predominantly **non-food** sector has recorded a decline in total value on an annual basis for each of the last five quarters (see Figure 4b).

Figure 4 – Value of retail sales in predominantly food and non-food stores; annual percentage change; <u>seasonally adjusted</u>

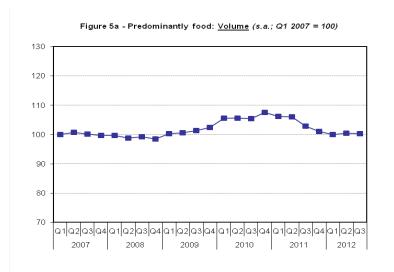


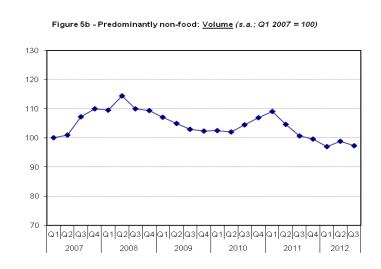


s.a. = seasonally adjusted

# **Volume** of retail sales (seasonally adjusted)

Figure 5 – Volume indices of retail sales in predominantly food and non-food stores; seasonally adjusted





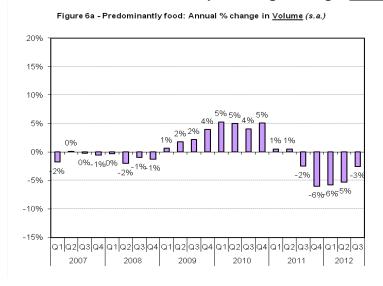
On a quarterly basis, the total volume of retail sales in predominantly **food** stores has been essentially flat for the last four quarters (Figure 5a).

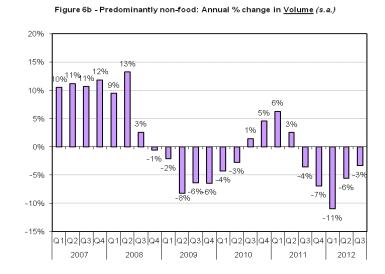
On annual basis, the total volume of retail sales in predominantly **food** stores has declined in each of the last five quarters. The latest quarter, Q3 2012, recorded a decrease in volume of 3% compared with the corresponding quarter of 2011 (see Figure 6a and Appendix Table A1).

On a quarterly basis, compared with the periods of growth and decline seen in 2010 and 2011, the total volume of retail sales in predominantly **non-food** stores has remained relatively flat for the last four quarters (see Figure 5b); the volume in the latest quarter (Q3 2012) was about 1% lower than in the previous quarter, Q2 2012.

On an annual basis, the total volume of retail sales in predominantly **non-food** stores has declined in each of the last five quarters (see Figure 6b). The total volume in the most recent quarter (Q3 2012) was 3% lower than in the corresponding quarter of 2011.

Figure 6 – Volume of retail sales in predominantly food and non-food stores; annual percentage change; <u>seasonally adjusted</u>





s.a. = seasonally adjusted

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# **Appendix**

Table A1: <u>Value:</u> Non-seasonally adjusted and seasonally adjusted (Q1 2007 = 100)

**Volume:** Seasonally adjusted (Q1 2007 = 100)

|            | Value Non-Seasonally Adjusted |                       |                           | Value Seasonally Adjusted |                       |                           | Volume Seasonally Adjusted |                       |                           |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
|            | All<br>Retail                 | Predominantly<br>Food | Predominantly<br>Non-Food | All<br>Retail             | Predominantly<br>Food | Predominantly<br>Non-Food | AII<br>Retail              | Predominantly<br>Food | Predominantly<br>Non-Food |
| Q1 2005    | 87.6                          | 92.1                  | 84.2                      | 88.0                      | 93.0                  | 84.2                      | 90.1                       | 100.2                 | 82.6                      |
| Q2 2005    | 98.6                          | 102.7                 | 95.6                      | 90.5                      | 95.7                  | 86.7                      | 92.1                       | 101.0                 | 85.5                      |
| Q3 2005    | 101.6                         | 105.1                 | 99.0                      | 90.8                      | 97.3                  | 86.0                      | 91.9                       | 101.3                 | 84.8                      |
| Q4 2005    | 110.0                         | 104.2                 | 114.4                     | 92.8                      | 98.3                  | 88.8                      | 93.3                       | 101.3                 | 87.4                      |
| Q1 2006    | 94.5                          | 98.3                  | 91.6                      | 94.7                      | 98.9                  | 91.6                      | 95.3                       | 101.8                 | 90.5                      |
| Q2 2006    | 102.8                         | 105.4                 | 100.9                     | 94.4                      | 98.5                  | 91.4                      | 95.1                       | 100.7                 | 90.9                      |
| Q3 2006    | 109.8                         | 106.5                 | 112.2                     | 98.2                      | 99.1                  | 97.5                      | 98.4                       | 100.4                 | 96.9                      |
| Q4 2006    | 117.9                         | 105.8                 | 127.0                     | 99.1                      | 99.8                  | 98.5                      | 99.2                       | 100.3                 | 98.3                      |
| Q1 2007    | 100.0                         | 100.0                 | 100.0                     | 100.0                     | 100.0                 | 100.0                     | 100.0                      | 100.0                 | 100.0                     |
| Q2 2007    | 109.8                         | 109.3                 | 110.2                     | 100.9                     | 102.4                 | 99.9                      | 100.9                      | 100.8                 | 101.0                     |
| Q3 2007    | 115.8                         | 110.4                 | 119.8                     | 103.6                     | 103.0                 | 104.1                     | 104.2                      | 100.2                 | 107.2                     |
| Q4 2007    | 127.0                         | 111.1                 | 138.8                     | 106.4                     | 104.7                 | 107.8                     | 105.6                      | 99.7                  | 109.9                     |
| Q1 2008    | 107.3                         | 108.7                 | 106.2                     | 107.1                     | 108.1                 | 106.3                     | 105.3                      | 99.7                  | 109.5                     |
| Q2 2008    | 121.1                         | 116.4                 | 124.6                     | 111.5                     | 109.6                 | 112.9                     | 107.7                      | 98.8                  | 114.4                     |
| Q3 2008    | 124.9                         | 121.2                 | 127.7                     | 112.0                     | 113.5                 | 111.0                     | 105.4                      | 99.2                  | 110.0                     |
| Q4 2008    | 131.9                         | 120.3                 | 140.5                     | 111.0                     | 114.2                 | 108.6                     | 104.7                      | 98.5                  | 109.3                     |
| Q1 2009    | 109.2                         | 118.6                 | 102.3                     | 111.0                     | 116.3                 | 107.0                     | 104.2                      | 100.3                 | 107.1                     |
| Q2 2009    | 121.3                         | 124.1                 | 119.2                     | 110.7                     | 117.7                 | 104.5                     | 103.3                      | 100.5                 | 105.0                     |
| Q3 2009    | 122.1                         | 128.1                 | 117.6                     | 108.8                     | 119.5                 | 103.2                     | 102.4                      | 101.3                 | 103.0                     |
| Q4 2009    | 132.2                         | 128.2                 | 135.1                     | 110.6                     | 121.9                 | 103.5                     | 102.3                      | 102.4                 | 102.3                     |
| Q1 2010    | 113.0                         | 127.1                 | 102.6                     | 113.0                     | 124.0                 | 103.9                     | 103.3                      | 105.6                 | 102.6                     |
| Q2 2010    | 122.5                         | 132.6                 | 115.0                     | 112.1                     | 125.3                 | 102.2                     | 103.2                      | 105.5                 | 102.1                     |
| Q3 2010    | 125.6                         | 134.4                 | 119.1                     | 112.6                     | 127.3                 | 103.7                     | 104.9                      | 105.5                 | 104.5                     |
| Q4 2010    | 139.7                         | 139.7                 | 139.7                     | 117.0                     | 130.4                 | 106.6                     | 107.2                      | 107.6                 | 107.0                     |
| Q1 2011    | 119.2                         | 132.6                 | 109.3                     | 119.0                     | 130.7                 | 108.2                     | 107.4                      | 106.1                 | 109.0                     |
| Q2 2011    | 127.7                         | 141.2                 | 117.7                     | 116.5                     | 132.0                 | 104.8                     | 107.1                      | 106.1                 | 104.7                     |
| Q3 2011    | 124.1                         | 137.5                 | 114.1                     | 113.8                     | 131.4                 | 102.2                     | 101.9                      | 102.9                 | 100.7                     |
| Q4 2011    | 137.3                         | 140.9                 | 134.6                     | 113.8                     | 131.5                 | 101.9                     | 100.2                      | 101.1                 | 99.5                      |
| Q1 2012    | 112.7                         | 129.0                 | 100.6                     | 111.4                     | 131.2                 | 100.1                     | 97.8                       | 100.0                 | 97.0                      |
| Q2 2012(r) | 127.0                         | 141.0                 | 116.6                     | 113.1                     | 131.6                 | 101.2                     | 99.7                       | 100.5                 | 98.8                      |
| Q3 2012    | 124.1                         | 138.8                 | 113.1                     | 112.8                     | 131.9                 | 99.0                      | 99.0                       | 100.3                 | 97.4                      |

<sup>(</sup>r) revised: some estimates for Q2 2012 shown in Table A1 have been revised compared with the previous publication due to the provision of more recent manpower data; the estimates for Q3 2012 have been revised due to improvements in the seasonal adjustment Eurostat Demetra software package

#### **Notes**

- 1. <u>Overview</u>: Sampled businesses for Jersey Retail Sales Survey report total **retail turnover** on a quarterly basis. The main results of the survey are **total value** and **total volume** estimates in **seasonally adjusted** form:
  - value estimates reflect the total turnover that businesses have recorded in a given quarter.
  - volume estimates adjust the value estimates to remove the effect of price changes.
- 2. <u>Retail</u>: "Retail" is defined as the sales of goods to the general public for personal or household consumption, excluding motor trades.
- 3. <u>Sample</u>: A representative sample of retail businesses are sampled each quarter, stratified by size. The sample is reviewed twice yearly so that new or expanding businesses can be introduced; in this way, the sample remains representative of the retail trade sub-sector in Jersey.
- 4. Response rate: the response of businesses to the survey in Q3 2012 was 85% and represented coverage, in terms of employment, of half (50%) of Jersey's retail sub-sector.
- 5. <u>Turnover</u>: is defined as the net value of sales for all outlets under the business name within Jersey. Turnover includes all discounted, credit and deferred payments allowed to customers but not allowances for goods taken in part-exchange.

#### Total turnover includes:

- Turnover from services (e.g. repairs) as well as those from sales
- All charges for credit given as well as cash prices of credit sales
- Retail sales from outlets to all customers off-Island
- Retail sales via the internet
- Sales of mobile phones but excluding rental and mobile phone cards
- Sales against gift tokens, when token is redeemed not the face value of tokens sold
- Sales against money-off promotion coupons.

#### Total turnover excludes:

- Sales or commission on lottery tickets
- Receipts from credit card sales not made in the specified quarter
- Any health exemption receipts
- Sales of motor vehicles, parts, accessories and petrol
- Sales from catering facilities to customers
- Sales from other businesses trading on premises and any commission received on such sales
- Any non retail activity (e.g. manufacturing).

#### 6. Classification:

- **a) Predominantly Food** Supermarkets, convenience stores and other stores which sell mainly food, beverages or tobacco;
- **b)** Household goods furniture, electrical appliances, DIY, gardening tools, floor covering, lighting equipment, haberdashery, crockery
- c) Textile, Clothing and Footwear clothes, shoes, accessories
- **d)** Non-Food Specialised goods e.g. sports goods, jewellery, craft goods, photographic, music, books, newspapers, office supplies, children's toys, second-hand goods, chemists, health goods, flowers, seeds, fertilizer, pets, medical goods, audio visual/home computing equipment, mobile phones, optical and precision equipment.

#### 7. Methodology:

- Retail turnover for each sub-sector is calculated from the respondent businesses. A ratio estimator
  approach is applied to estimate the total retail turnover separately for each sub-sector, using the
  appropriate full-time equivalent (FTE) employment data compiled by the Jersey Manpower Survey;
- Volume data for each sub-sector are derived from value data using price deflators which are base-weighted harmonic means of the corresponding section level indices of the Retail Prices Index;
- Seasonal adjustment is conducted using the Eurostat Demetra software package.
- The revision of seasonally adjusted series is based on that of the UK Office of National Statistics revision policy for the Retail Sales Index.